

Abstract Submitted  
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**Neutrosophic Magnetic Field** FLORENTIN SMARANDACHE, Univ of New Mexico — Let  $\Psi$  be a magnetic pole or a conductor throughout which a current flows. The field of force surrounding  $\Psi$ , where does exist a magnetic flux, is actually a *Neutrosophic Magnetic Field*, because it is formed by three main zones, as in neutrosophy { $\langle\Psi\rangle$ ,  $\langle\text{neut}\Psi\rangle$ , and  $\langle\text{anti}\Psi\rangle$ }: - magnetic field inner-zone, where the magnetic force generated by  $\Psi$  acts completely {zone  $\langle\Psi\rangle$ }; - magnetic field neutro-zone {neutral or indeterminate zone  $\langle\text{neut}\Psi\rangle$ }, which is a buffer zone between two opposites, where the magnetic force generated by  $\Psi$  is vague, unclear; - and magnetic field outer-zone {opposite zone  $\langle\text{anti}\Psi\rangle$ }, where the magnetic force generated by  $\Psi$  does not act at all. In general, it is not a steady frontier between the magnetic field inner zone, and magnetic field outer zone, but a buffer zone between these opposites. As a consequences, if  $\Psi$  is a celestial object - for example the Earth, or any other planet, also the Sun, or any other star -, their gravitational field frontiers are not steady, but neutral / indeterminate magnetic field buffers.

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