

A BASIC PROCEDURE to calculate $S(p^i)$

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Integer function of a single variable $S(N)$

S is the least integer such that $S!$ is divisible by N .

Obviously for a prime $S(p)=p$ since this is the least factorial to include p .

It is easy to see that for two primes $p_1 > p_2$ $S(p_1 * p_2) = p_1$ since this factorial is necessary to include p_1 and already includes p_2 . This generalizes to the product of any number of primes.

In fact it generalizes to the product of relatively prime numbers n_1 and n_2 . $S(n_1 * n_2) = \text{Max}(S(n_1), S(n_2))$.

Therefore we can simplify the general case to:

$$S(\prod n_i^{p_i}) = \text{Max}(S(n_i^{p_i}))$$

All we need now is a way of calculating S for powers of primes.

Start with the inverse problem: for a given factorial and a given prime what is the maximum power of the prime included?

Consider $p=2$. All even numbers contribute a factor, all multiples of 4 contribute another, all multiples of 8 contribute yet another ...etc. So the answer is got by summing successive DIV 2 results (DIV p in general).

Returning to the calculation of S . To do this for a single N would require factorisation of N first. A program to calculate S for all integers up to N can avoid this by doing powers of 2, then powers of 3 and their products with powers of 2 then powers of 5 etc. Calculating S for all powers of a prime up to a maximum is straightforward. A BASIC PROCEDURE is attached. The main program requires some care and I have not been able to finish in time.

```

10REM TEST PROC TOCALC S(P^I) FOR VALUES UPTO N
20:
30:
40:
50:
60INPUT"UP TO",N%
70DIM SPP%(100)
80DIM NPP%(100)
90INPUT"WHICH PRIME",P%
100PROC Spp(P%,N%)
110FOR I%=0 TO 100
120PRINT SPP%(I%),NPP%(I%)
130NEXT I%
140GOTO 60
150END
160DEF PROC Spp(P%,N%)
170I%=1
180NPP%(0)=1
190SPP%(0)=1
200J%=1
210PJ%=0
220REPEAT
230PJ%=PJ%+P%
240X%=FNinvSpp(P%,PJ%)
250REPEAT
260SPP%(I%)=PJ%
270NPP%(I%)=P%*NPP%(I%-1)
280I%=I%+1
290UNTIL I%>X%
300J%=J%+1
310UNTIL NPP%(I%-1)>N%
320ENDPROC
330DEF FNinvSpp(P%,N%)
340LOCAL S%,T%
350S%=0
360T%=N%
370REPEAT
380T%=T% DIV P%
390S%=S%+T%
400UNTIL T%<=1
410=S%

```