## A NOTE ON THE SMARANDACHE BAD NUMBERS

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Abstract. In this paper we show that 7 and 13 are not Smarandache bad numbers. Moreover, we give a criterion for the Smarandache bad numbers.

Key words . Smarandache bad number , criterion program.

Let $a$ be a positive integer. If $a$ cannot be expressed as the absolute value of difference between a cube and a square, then $a$ is called a Smarandache bad number . Smarandache [2] conjectured that the numbers $5,6,7,10,13,14, \ldots$ are probably such bad numbers. However, since
$7=\left|2^{3}-1^{2}\right|, 13=\left|17^{3}-70^{2}\right|$,
we find that 7 and 13 are not Smarandache bad numbers.

On the other hand, by a result of Bakera [1],we give the following criterion for the Smarandache bad numbers immediately.

Theorem.For any fixed positive integer $a$, if

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                                    a\not=| | x
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for every positive integer pairs $(x, y)$ with $\log \max (x, y) \leqslant 10^{10} \mathrm{a}^{10000}$, then $a$ is a Smarandache bad number.

## References

[1] A.Baker, The diophantine equation $y^{2}=x^{3}+k$, Phil Trans. Roy. Soc. London 263(1968),193-208.
[2] F. Smarandache, Properties of Numbers, University of Craiova Archives, 1975.

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