# Introducing the SMARANDACHE-KUREPA and SMARANDACHE-WAGSTAFF Functions 

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## Definition $A$.

The left-factorial function is defined by D.Kurepa thus:

$$
!n=0!+1!+2!+3!+\ldots+(n-1)!
$$

whilst S.S.Wagstaff prefers:

$$
\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{n}}=!(\mathrm{n}+1)-1=1!+2!+3!+\ldots+n!
$$

The following properties should be observed:
(i) $!\mathrm{n}$ is only divisible by n when $\mathrm{n}=2$.
(ii) 3 is a factor of $B_{n}$ if $n$ is greater than 1 .
(iii) 9 is a factor of $B_{n}$ if $n$ is greater than 4 .
(iv) 99 is a factor of $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{n}}$ if n is greater than 9 .

There are no other such cases of divisibility ob $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{n}}$ for n less than a thousand.
The tabulated values of these two functions together with their prime factors begin:

## TABLE I.

| n | ln | $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{n}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 3 |
| 3 | $4=2 \cdot 2$ | $9=3 \cdot 3$ |
| 4 | $10=2 \cdot 5$ | $33=3 \cdot 11$ |
| 5 | $34=2 \cdot 17$ | $153=3 \cdot 3 \cdot 17$ |
| 6 | $154=2 \cdot 7 \cdot 11$ | $873=3 \cdot 3 \cdot 97$ |
| 7 | $8742 \cdot 19 \cdot 23$ | $5913=3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 73$ |
| 8 | $5914=2 \cdot 2957$ | $46233=3 \cdot 3 \cdot 11 \cdot 467$ |
| 9 | $46234=2.23117$ | $409113=3 \cdot 3 \cdot 131 \cdot 347$ |
| 10 | $409114=2.204557$ |  |

"Intuitive Thought": There appear to be a disproportionate (unexpectedly high) number of large primes in this table?

## Definition $B$.

For prime $p$ not equal to 3 define the SMARANDACHE-KUREPA Function, $\mathrm{SK}(\mathrm{p})$, as the smallest integer such that ! $\mathrm{SK}(\mathrm{p})$ is divisible by p . For prime $p$ not equal to 2 or 5 define the SMARANDACHE-WAGSTAFF Function, $\mathrm{SW}(\mathrm{p})$, as the smallest integer such that $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{sw}(\mathrm{p})}$ is divisible by p .

The tabulation of these two functions begins:
TABLE II.

| $p$ | 2 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 11 | 13 | 17 | 19 | 23 | 131 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{SK}(\mathrm{p})$ | 2 | $*$ | 4 | 6 | 6 | $?$ | 5 | 7 | 7 | $?$ |
| $\mathrm{SW}(\mathrm{p})$ | $*$ | 2 | $*$ | $?$ | 4 | $?$ | 5 | $?$ | $?$ | 9 |

Where the entry * denotes that the value is not defined and the entry ? denotes not avaible from TABLE I above.

Some unanswered questions:

1. Are there other $\left(^{*}\right)$ - entries i.e. undefined values in the above table.
2. What is the distribution function of integers in both $\operatorname{SK}(p), S W(p)$ and their union?
3. When, in general, is $\operatorname{SK}(\mathrm{p})=\mathrm{SW}(\mathrm{p})$ ?

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